The Original Passage
By and large Yosemite has been preserved as though it were a painting. The boundaries of the park are the gilt frame around a masterpiece, and within the frame we are urged to take only pictures, leave only footprints. There are enormously important reasons to do so—there are too many people coming to the park to do it any other way—and yet I cannot help feeling something is sadly missing from this experience of nature. Looking is a fine thing to do to pictures, but hardly an adequate way to live in the world. It is nature as a place in which we do not belong, a place in which we do not live, in which we are intruders. A tourist is by definition an outsider, a person who does not belong, a stranger in paradise.


Legitimate Summary
(condenses, captures only main points, and re-expresses in new language)
Conservation efforts traditionally have represented Yosemite as a work of art marked by distinct borders (Solnit 263). While Solnit acknowledges that this representation may serve to protect the park, she also suggests that it limits the individual’s relationship to the landscape (263).

Legitimate Paraphrase
(captures the entire passage and re-expresses in new language)
Solnit argues that because conservation efforts have conceived of Yosemite as a work of art, the park is represented as nature appropriately experienced as one might experience a painting: through sight only (263). While this representation makes sense in light of the throngs of people flocking to Yosemite, it limits the ways in which an individual might experience the park’s landscape, since it implies that nature is to be viewed and not altered, that it is to be visited and not lived in (Solnit 263).

Legitimate Quotation
(captures sections of the passage verbatim and integrates smoothly)
Efforts to preserve Yosemite “as though it were a painting” create a distance between the visitor and the landscape (Solnit 263). Solnit worries that such a distance between nature and visitor implies that nature is “a place in which we do not belong, a place in which we do not live, in which we are intruders” (263). This distanced relationship with a place differs drastically from one in which the individual interacts with and relies upon the land, sometimes altering it and sometimes being altered by it.

Plagiarized Version
 creates a mosaic of copied language and sentence structure)
Yosemite has been preserved as though it were a framed masterpiece. Within the frame of this masterpiece—within the park boundaries—we are urged to take only pictures. Although this is an important approach to take in visiting national parks, it is not an adequate way to live in relation to a place. When people are told to look but not touch, they are sent the message that this is a place in which they are intruders, a message that may preclude a healthy relationship with the natural world (Solnit 263).