GENERAL INFORMATION

A0.	Respondent Information Name Dawn Ressel Title Associate Vice President Office Office of Institutional Research Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country Phone (406) 243-5661 Fax (406) 243-5537 E-mail Address
	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? Yes If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page: http://www.umt.edu/data
	A0A. We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.
A1.	Address Information Name of College or University: The University of Montana - Missoula Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: The University of Montana Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country: 32 Campus Drive, Missoula, MT 59812-0002, USA
	Main Phone Number: (406) 243-0211 WWW Home Page Address: http://umt.edu Admissions Phone Number: Local: 243-6266
	Admissions Toll-free Number: 800-462-8636
	Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: The University of Montana, Lommasson Center
	101,
	Missoula, MT 59812-0002, USA Admissions Fax Number: 406-243-5711 Admissions E-mail Address: admiss@umontana.edu If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: http://admissions.umt.edu If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:
A2.	Source of institutional control (check one only)
	✓ Public☐ Private (nonprofit)☐ Proprietary
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:
	Coeducational college☐ Men's college☐ Women's college
A4.	Academic year calendar
	 ✓ Semester

☐ Other (describe):				
A5. Degrees offered by your institution				
Certificate	Postbachelor's certificate			
☐ Diploma	Master's			
Associate	Post-master's certificate			
Transfer	Doctoral degree			
	research/scholarship			
Terminal	Doctoral degree			
	professional practice			
Bachelor's	Doctoral degree - other			

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2019. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

	FULL-TIME		PART	T-TIME
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	573	746	58	74
Other first-year, degree- seeking	272	289	95	128
All other degree-seeking	1881	2362	436	601
Total degree-seeking	2726	3397	589	803
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	18	22	62	97
Total undergraduates	2744	3419	651	900
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	183	248	94	181
All other degree-seeking	291	448	432	802
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	6	6	25	57
Total graduate	480	702	551	1040

Total all undergraduates: 7,714

Total all graduate and professional students: 2,773

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: 10,487

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2019. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first

two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	11	72	122
Hispanic	97	405	416
Black or African American non- Hispanic	11	70	71
White non-Hispanic	1,127	5,858	5,927
American Indian or Alaska Native non- Hispanic	44	261	291
Asian non-Hispanic	10	99	104
Native Hawiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	3	20	20
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	83	365	416
Race/ethnicity unknown	65	365	397
Total	1,451	7,515	7,714

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2018, to June 30, 2019.

Certificate/diploma	99
Associate degrees	338
Bachelor's degrees	<u>1,614</u>
Postbachelor's certificates	130
Master's degrees	527
Post-master's certificates	16
Doctoral degrees - research/scholarship	51
Doctoral degrees - professional practice	365
Doctoral degrees - other	0
Bachelor's level certificates	153

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2017-18 Survey.

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2010 and Fall 2011 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grant*
- Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

^{*}Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2013 cohort if available. If Fall 2013 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2012 cohort.

Fall 2013 Cohort

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2013 cohort of first-time, full-	405	232	709	
time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-				
seeking undergraduate students				1,346
B - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many	0	3	2	
did not persist and did not graduate for				
the following reasons: deceased,				
permanently disabled, armed forces,				
foreign aid service of the federal				
government, or official church missions;				_
total allowable exclusions	405	220	707	5
C - Final 2013 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	405	229	707	1 241
	78	71	257	1,341
D - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or	/ 8	/ 1	237	
less (by Aug. 31, 2017)				406
E - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many	53	32	106	400
completed the program in more than four	55	32	100	
years but in five years or less (after Aug.				
31, 2017 and by Aug. 31, <mark>2018</mark>)				191
F - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many	13	7	36	-/-
completed the program in more than five				
years but in six years or less (after Aug.				
31, 2018 and by Aug. 31, 2019)				56
G - Total graduating within six years (sum	144	110	399	
of lines D, E, and F)				653
H - Six-year graduation rate for 2013	35.5%	48.0%	56.4%	
cohort (G divided by C)				48.7 %

Please provide data for the 2016 cohort if available. If 2016 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2015 cohort.

2016 Cohort
B12 . Initial 2016 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
B13. Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 2016 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions(Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2018 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2018 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2019? ___71.4% Source: IPEDS

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

	1	•		
Ap	n	ıca	tta	nc
7 7 17		1100	LLIU	-

	applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2019. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.
	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied 2.093 Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied 2.817
	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted 2,664
	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled
	Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Yes No If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2019 admissions:
	Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted
Is yo	our waiting list ranked? If yes, do you release that information to students? Do you release that information to school counselors?
	High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students: High school diploma is required and GED is accepted High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted High school diploma or equivalent is not required
C4.	Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?
	 ☐ Require ☑ Recommend ☐ Neither require nor recommend

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units		
English	4	
Mathematics	3	
Science	2	
Of these, units that must be lab	2	
Foreign language		2
Social studies	3	
History	2	
Academic electives		
Computer Science		2
Visual/Performing Arts	_	2
Other (specify)Choice of 2 units in Foreign language or vocational ed.		2

Basis for Selection

- **C6.** Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies: UM does not have an open policy. Entrance requirements for traditional full-time students are: high school graduation, 2.5 cumulative grade average or score of 22 on the ACT or SAT combined score of 1120 (1540 for tests prior to March 2016) or rank in the top half of your high school graduating class and successful completion of college prep program requirements. Nontraditional students, GED freshman, and summer-only students are required to have high school graduation but are exempt from the other above requirements.
- C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school record				
Class rank				
Academic GPA				
Standardized test scores				
Application Essay				
Recommendation				
Nonacademic				
Interview				
Extracurricular activities		\boxtimes		
Talent/ability		\boxtimes		
Character/personal qualities				
First generation				
Alumni/ae relation				
Geographical residence				
State residency				
Religious affiliation/commitment				
Racial/ethnic status				
Volunteer work				
Work experience				
Level of applicant's interest				

SAT and ACT Policies

CO	Entranca	ovome

Co. Enti	rance exams						
	your institution make use of S. ree-seeking applicants? X Ye		or SAT Subject T	est scores in adn	nission decisions	for first-time, fi	rst-year,
If yes, pl Fall 202	ace check marks in the approp	riate boxes	below to reflect	your institution's	policies for use in	n admission for	
		Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for	Consider If	Not Used	
ACT SAT	or ACT Tonly Tonly			Some	Submitted		
	and SAT Subject Tests or						
ACT SAT	Subject Tests						
ACT X ACT X ACT If your ins indicate w SAT v X SAT v	with Writing component required with Writing component recommon with or without Writing component with or without Writing component with or without Writing component with ONE of the following applies with Essay component required with Essay component recommend with or without Essay component recommend with or without Essay component without	g applies (reg nended. ent accepted in admission es (regardless ded accepted	ardless of whether n decisions for first of whether the Est	the writing score value of the writing score value of the writing score will be used to the writing score wi	will be used in the a egree-seeking applic sed in the admission	dmissions process cants for Fall 202	s):
			SAT ess	ay ACT essa	у		
	For admission						
	For placement						
	For advising						

	SATESSay	ACT essay
For admission		
For placement		\boxtimes
For advising		\boxtimes
In place of an application essay		
As a validity check on the application essay		
No college policy as of now		
Not using essay component		
	·-	

D. In addition, does you	ur institut	ion use	applicants'	test scores	for acade	emic advising	?
<u>X</u>	yes	no					

E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission by the third week of Fall term Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission_____

F. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students): Students must earn a minimum math score of: 22 on ACT or 27.5 on SAT (520 on SAT prior to March 2016). Students who do not meet admissions requirements may be admitted on a conditional or provisional basis.

G.	Please indicate which tests	your institution uses for	placement (e.g., state tests):
J .	i icase maicate winen tests	your montation ases for	placement (c.g., state tests).

SAT	\boxtimes
ACT	\boxtimes
SAT Subject Tests	
AP	\boxtimes
CLEP	\boxtimes
Institutional Exam 🛛	

State Exam (specify): Institutional exam is UM Math (ALEKS) and State exam is Writing Assessment for MT residents.

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2019, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2019 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. Do convert Old SAT scores to New SAT scores using the College Board's concordance tools and tables (sat.org/concordance).

The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores	39%	Number submitting SAT scores	454
Percent submitting ACT scores	71%	Number submitting ACT scores	820

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Evidence-Based	535	635
Reading and Writing		
SAT Math	520	610
ACT Composite	20	26
ACT Math	18	26
ACT English	19	26
ACT Writing	17	21

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Evidence – Based Reading and Writing	SAT Math
700-800	8	4
600-699	36	26
500-599	46	54
400-499	10	15
300-399	0	1
200-299	0	0
	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	10	14	5
24-29	35	27	38
18-23	44	39	37
12-17	11	20	20
6-11	0	0	0
Below 6	0	0	0
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time within each of the following ranges (report information).				
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating of Percent in top quarter of high school graduating Percent in top half of high school graduating of Percent in bottom half of high school graduating Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	g class	} To		pottom half = 100%. pl class rank: 65%
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, f point averages within each of the following r from whom you collected high school GPA.				
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	31 20 16 13			
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	<u>14</u> <u>5</u>			
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0	100%			
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seek 3.37	king, first-tim	e, first-year	(freshm	an) students who submitted GPA:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	students who	submitted h	igh schoo	ol GPA: 97%
Admission Policies				
C13. Application fee				
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: \$30 nonrefundable Can it he waived for applicants with financial n		∑ Yes	□ No	deferred but not waived
Can it be waived for applicants with financial n	ieed?	☐ Yes	⊠ No	deferred but not waived
If you have an application fee and an on-line app Fee: \$30 nonrefundable	olication option	n, please in	dicate po	olicy for students who apply on-line:
Can on-line application fee be waived for application	ants with fina	ncial need?	No, defe	rred but not waived
C14. Application closing date				
Does your institution have an application closing Application closing date (fall): Priority date: March 1	ng date?	Yes	⊠ No	
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted	for terms oth	er than the	fall? 🔀	Yes No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decis	sion sent (fill a	in one only)		
On a rolling basis beginning (date): June 15 By (date): Other:				

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (jut in one only)
Must reply by (date):
No set date: X
Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereafter
Other:
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): 0901
Amount of housing deposit: \$225
Refundable if student does not enroll?
Yes, in full
X Yes, in part
No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?
Yes No
If yes, maximum period of postponement: One year and then the student must reapply
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? ☐ Yes ☑ No
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21 Fauly desigion. Desgroup institution offer an early desigion plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? ☐ Yes ☒ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date
Other early decision plan closing date
Other early decision plan notification date
For the Fall 2019 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well
in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?
☐ Yes No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action closing date Early action notification date
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?
☐ Yes ☐ No

Fall	l Applicants	;			
D1.	Does your institution enroll transfer students? Yes □ No (If no, please skip to Section E) If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work coat other colleges/universities? Yes □ No				
D2.	Provide the 2019.	number of stude	nts who applied, were adm	nitted, and enrolled as de	
		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants	
	Men	682	589	351	
	Women	917	785	438	
	Total	1,599	1,374	789	
		· Admission	nsfers may enroll:		
	⊠ Fall	Winter fer applicant hav		Summer credits completed or else	
			number of credits and the	unit of measure? <u>12</u> _	

	D5.	Indicate all item	s required of	transfer students	to apply for admission:
--	-----	-------------------	---------------	-------------------	-------------------------

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
High school transcript					X
College transcript(s)	X				
Essay or personal statement					X
Interview					X
Standardized test scores					X
Statement of good standing					X
from prior institution(s)					

Interview			X
Standardized test scores			X
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)			X
D6 If a minimum high school grade point:	average is required of transfer s	annlicants specify	

D7. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): 2.0

(on a 4.0 scale): _____

D8. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

Transfer applicants need to submit their medical history records, an application form, and a nonrefundable fee of \$30.

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall	March 1				X
Winter					
Spring	Nov 15				X
Summer	May 1				X

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? Yes No	
D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:	
Transfer Credit Policies	
D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: $\underline{\mathbf{D}}$	
D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number no limit Unit type	
D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Number no limit Unit type	
D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree: 30	
D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: 30	
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies: Transfer students must earn 39 upper division credits and at least 30 credits from UM.	
Military Service Transfer Credit Policies	
D18. Does your institution accept the following military/veteran transfer credits:	
American Council on Education (ACE) College Level Examination Program (CLEP) DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST) Yes No Yes No	
D19. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on military education evaluated by the American Council on Education (ACE):	
Number _no max Unit type	
D20. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on Department of Defense supported plearning assessments (College Level Examination Program (CLEP) or DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)):	
Number <u>no max</u> Unit type	
D21. Are the military/veteran credit transfer policies published on your website? ☐ Yes ☐ No	

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institu	tion. Refer to the glossary for	or definitions.
☐ Accelerated program ☐ Honors program		
Cooperative education program Independent stud		
☐ Cross-registration ☐ Internships		
Distance learning Liberal arts/care	er combination	
Double major Student-designed		
Dual enrollment Study abroad	3	
English as a Second Language (ESL) Teacher certifica	ation program	
Exchange student program (domestic)	e	
External degree program		
Other (specify): Bachelor of Nursing in		
Missoula in cooperation with Montana State		
University- Bozeman		
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.		
E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some of	course work prior to gradu	ation:
✓ Arts/fine arts ✓ Humanities		
Computer literacy Mathematics		
☐ English (including composition) ☐ Philosophy		
Foreign languages Sciences (biological of	or physical)	
Other (describe): Ethical and		
human values, foreign language and		
symbolic systems, historical and		
cultural studies		
Library Collections: The CDS publishers will collect library data again	when a new Academic Lib	raries Survey is in
place.		
F. STUDENT LIFE		
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking stude	ents and degree-seeking ur	dergraduates
enrolled in Fall 2019 who fit the following categories:		
	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident		
aliens from the numerator and denominator)	<u>42</u>	<u>30</u>
Percent of men who join fraternities	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>
Percent of women who join sororities	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	<u>76</u>	<u>37</u>
Percent who live off campus or commute	$ \frac{42}{6} \\ \underline{6} \\ 76 \\ \underline{24} \\ \underline{2} \\ 18.5 $	30 6 6 37 63 22
Percent of students age 25 and older	<u>2</u>	<u>22</u>
Average age of full-time students		21.0
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	<u>18.5</u>	<u>22.9</u>

F2. Activi	ities offered Identify thos	e programs availa	ıble at your	institution.		
	Campus Ministries Choral groups Concert band Dance Drama/theater International Student Organization Jazz band	□ Literary mag □ Marching ban □ Model UN □ Music ensem □ Musical thean □ Opera	nd ibles	Radio station Student govern Student newspa Student-run filr Symphony orch Television stati Yearbook	iper n society iestra	
	C (program offered in coo		serve Office	_)	
·	ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu					
Air Fo	orce ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu	tion (name):				
F4. Housi	ing: Check all types of co	llege-owned, -ope	erated, or -a	affiliated housing av	ailable for undergr	aduates at your
	Coed dorms Men's dorms Women's dorms Apartments for marrie Apartments for single Other housing options floors, quiet floors, activi	ed students students (specify): Aparti	Special h Fraternity Cooperate Theme h Wellness ments for s	s housing tudents & families,	onal students	rnational

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2019-2020 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution. The URL for UM's net price calculator: https://www.umt.edu/finaid/cost-of-attendance/net-price-calculator/default.php

Check here if your institution's 2020-2021 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2020-2021 academic year costs of attendance will be available: August 2020

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2019-2020 academic year (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are **not** included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do **not** include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSTITUTION		
Tuition:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTION	5,352	5,352
Tuition:		
In-district:		
	5,352	5,352
In-state (out-of-district):		
	24,144	24,144
Out-of-state:		
NONRESIDENT ALIEN:	24,144	24,144
Tuition:		
REQUIRED FEES:	Instate 2,002	Instate 2,002
REQUIRED FEES.	Out-of-State 2,074	Out-of-State 2,074
	Out-01-State 2,074	Out-01-State 2,074
ROOM AND BOARD:	9,966	9,966
(on-campus)		
ROOM ONLY:		
(on-campus)		
BOARD ONLY:		
(on-campus meal plan)		

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide sefees):	eparate tuition an	d room and board
Other:		
62. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition	12 minimum	<u>none</u> maximum
63. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?	Yes	No No

G4. Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly: see https://www.umt.edu/business-services/files/non-mandatory-fees.pdf

If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	1,100	1100	1100
Room only:			
Board only:			
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			9966
Transportation:	1500	1500	2200
Other expenses:	1694	1694	1694

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

DDIVATE DICTITUTIONS	
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	178.4
In-district:	
III-district.	
	178.4
In-state (out-of-district):	
,	804.8
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	804.8

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2018-19 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2018-19 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

indicate the academic year fo	or which data are reported for items H1 , H2 , H2A , and H6 below: 2018-19 final
Which needs-analysis metho X Federal methodology (F Institutional methodolog Both FM and IM	,

	Need-based (Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.)	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	9,024,603	\$0
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$36,668	\$0
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	6,612,173	4,330,159
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	727,047	324,743
Total Scholarships/Grants	16,400,491	4,654,902
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	24,516,842	7,107,668
Federal Work-Study	4,616,564	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	394,030	168,666
Total Self-Help	29,527,436	7,276,334
Parent Loans	20,543,760	13,594,602
Tuition Waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	158,992	2,101,940
Athletic Awards	444,035	994,307

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2019 cohort)	1,319	6,123	1,392
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	1,114	4,527	855
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	778	3,595	767
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	776	3,550	712
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	439	2,186	495
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	740	3,287	674
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	623	1,860	157
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>)	96	382	21
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	69%	61%	54%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	12,398	11,977	9,711
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	5,168	4,991	5,037
1)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and private alternative loans) of those in line f	5,358	6,185	5,346
m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	3,385	4,250	4,089

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time	Full-time Undergrad	Less Than Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh)	Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were			
	awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude			
	those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	424	1,151	87
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and			
	grant aid awarded to students in line n	4,755	4,708	4,189
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-			
	need-based athletic scholarship or grant	46	164	2
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic			
	scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	7,505	8,972	5,972

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.

Include:

- * 2019 undergraduate class; all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019.
- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- * co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- * those who transferred in.
- * money borrowed at other institutions.
- parent loans
- * students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree).
- H4. Provide the number of students in the 2019 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019. Exclude students who transferred into your institution. 807
- H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed.

	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed (nearest 1%)	Average per-undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in the first column (nearest \$1)
a) Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	472	58%	\$27,132
b) Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	466	58%	\$25,394
c) Institutional loan programs.	6	1%	\$4,083
d) State loan programs.	0	0%	\$0
e) Private student loans made by a bank or lender.	44	5%	\$21,550

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

 ✓ Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available ✓ Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available ✓ Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: 43
Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$6,259
Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$237,831
H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
 ☐ Institution's own financial aid form ☐ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE ☐ International Student's Financial Aid Application ☐ International Student's Certification of Finances ☐ Other: UM Scholarship Application
Other: <u>UM Scholarship Application</u>
Process for First-Year/Freshman Students H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement Other: UM Scholarship Application
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: Dec 1 Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):
H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
a.) Students notified on or about (date):
b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: <u>yes</u> If yes, starting date: <u>Mar 16</u>
H11. Indicate reply dates:
Students must reply by (date): or within4_ weeks of notification.

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12. Loans

	Direct Subsidized	zed Stafford Loans	OGRAM (DIR	ECT LOAN)	
F S C	ederal Perkins Lo ederal Nursing Lo tate Loans ollege/university other (specify): _		nds		
H13. Scho	larships and Gran	uts			
	United Negro Col Federal Nursing S Other (specify):	ps y scholarship or grant aid f llege Fund			
114. Chec	k on chiena usec	i ili awarding msutudonar	aid. Check aii	шат арргу.	
Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics	X		Leadership
		Alumni affiliation		X	Minority status
		Art	X		Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
X		Job skills ROTC	X	X	State/district residency
H15. If you	more affordable	recently implemented any			rogram, or initiative to make your nts, or waiving costs for families belo

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2019. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	465	256	721
b.) Total number who are members of	37	18	55
minority groups			
c.) Total number who are women	188	145	333
d.) Total number who are men	277	109	386
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens	4	3	7
(international)			
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other	368	113	481
terminal degree			
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a	61	72	133
master's but not a terminal master's			
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a	16	15	31
bachelor's			
i.) Total number whose highest degree is	20	56	76
unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h,			
and i must sum up to item a.)			
j.) Total number in stand-alone	24	8	32
graduate/professional programs in which			
faculty teach virtually only graduate-level			
students			

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2019 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2019 Student to Faculty ratio: 16 to 1 (based on 10,249 students and 689 faculty – after adjusting for the Law School).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2019 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2019. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS 297 SECTIONS	7 534	337	115	59	95	31	1468

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-	23	61	48	19	2	7	0	160
SECTIONS								

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture	0	0	0	1
Natural resources and	0	0	10	3
conservation				
Architecture	0	0	0	4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies	0	0	2	5
Communication/journalism	0	0	7	9
Communication technologies	0	0	0	10
Computer and information	18	5	1	11
sciences				
Personal and culinary services	8	2	0	12
Education	0	0	6	13
Engineering	0	0	0	14
Engineering technologies	6	0	0	15
Foreign languages, literatures, and	0	0	3	16
linguistics				
Family and consumer sciences	0	0	0	19
Law/legal studies	0	3	0	22
English	0	0	3	23
Liberal arts/general studies	0	44	0	24
Library science	0	0	0	25
Biological/life sciences	0	0	11	26
Mathematics and statistics	0	0	1	27
Military science and military	0	0	0	28 and 29
technologies				
Interdisciplinary studies	0	0	2	30
Parks and recreation	0	0	0	31
Philosophy and religious studies	0	0	0	38
Theology and religious vocations	0	0	0	39
Physical sciences	0	0	2	40
Science technologies	0	0	0	41

Psychology	0	0	7	42
Homeland Security, law	0	0	0	43
enforcement, firefighting and				
protective services				
Public administration and social	0	0	4	44
services				
Social sciences	0	0	12	45
Construction trades	17	4	0	46
Mechanic and repair technologies	1	5	0	47
Precision production	12	3	0	48
Transportation and materials	7	0	0	49
moving				
Visual and performing arts	3	0	7	50
Health professions and related	18	27	2	51
programs				
Business/marketing	9	7	18	52
History	0	0	2	54
Other	0	0	0	
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

Common Data Set Definitions

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- *Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

- *Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
- *Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

- *Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
- *Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.