

Reference Format

*****NOTE: Please double-check formats.*****

The following Referencing Format is adapted from the AMA Manual of Style, 11th edition.¹ If you have questions about referencing an item, please refer to the AMA Manual of Style, 11th ed., located in the DIS/LSS (Skaggs 219). There are, however, some exceptions. *This document takes precedence over the AMA Manual of Style, 11th ed.*

- **Do not italicize the titles of journals or books.**

References are listed in the order in which they are first cited in the text. Each reference is assigned a consecutive Arabic number. **Each reference is listed once in the bibliography regardless of how many times it is cited in the document.** All citations from the same reference use the original reference number. Reference numbers in the text should be **superscripted** and located after the sentence that contains the fact being referenced (i.e., after the period). Sentences with multiple references should have the references listed at the end of the sentence or throughout the sentence if each part is from a separate reference. If the sentence mentions the authors' names, the reference number immediately follows the names.

Examples:

Drug X has been shown to cause a green rash with purple spots.^{1,2}

Drug Y is used to treat hypertension, congestive heart failure, and arrhythmias.^{1,3-5}

Drug Z is compatible with normal saline⁶ and dextrose 5% in water.⁷

Smith and Jones¹¹ found that diet and exercise lead to weight loss.

General Rules:

1. Avoid using abstracts as references. Always use the **primary source** for your papers when possible.
2. Use authors'/editors' last name followed by initials. No periods after initials. No titles (ex. MD, PharmD). Do not use the word "and" between names. Separate names with commas.
3. List all authors/editors unless there are more than six. If there are more than six authors/editors, list the first three then use "et al."

1. JAMA Network Editors. AMA Manual of Style. 11th ed. Oxford University Press; 2020.

Journal Articles:

****NOTE: Use the Cite button on PubMed for easy citation formatting. Just make sure you use the AMA Format (dropdown box for format styles) then Copy.**

****NOTE: The period after the journal abbreviation is optional. But do not use periods inside the journal abbreviation (for example: Br J Cancer. but NOT Br. J. Cancer.)**

1. List all authors unless there are more than six. If there are more than six authors, list the first three, then use “et al.”

Examples:

Parkin DM, Clayton D, Black RJ, et al. Childhood leukaemia in Europe after Chernobyl: 5 year follow-up. Br J Cancer. 1996;73:1006-1012.

Stratta P, de Cataldo S, Bonanni R, Valenti M, Masedu F, Rossi A. Mental health in L'Aquila after the earthquake. Ann Ist Super Sanita. 2012;48(2):132-137.

2. The journal title is abbreviated according to the style used in the NCBI NLM Catalog database. Go to PubMed (pubmed.com), click on Journals on the right side under Explore and enter the journal name. If you are unsure of a journal's abbreviation, **ASK!**

3. For journals with continuous pagination, use this format: year;volume:first page-last page. No spaces. Do not omit digits from page numbers. Use the issue number when available.

4. Identify abstracts, letters, and editorials as such at the end of the title.

Example:

Bartle WR, Walker SE. Effect of cimetidine on phenytoin metabolism [abstract]. Clin Pharmacol Ther 1982;31:202.

5. DOI numbers may be included in the citation. If the DOI is included, it goes at the end of the citation. The DOI is provided immediately after “doi:” with no space. Do **NOT** use a period after the DOI.

Example:

Fauci AS, Lane HC, Redfield RR. Covid-19 – navigating the uncharted. N Engl J Med. 2020;382:1268-1269. doi:10.1056/NEJMe2002387

6. For **online journals** with no page information, use the following format: Author(s). Article title. Journal abbreviation. year;volume:article#.

Example:

Travlos DV, Baumgartner JL, Rouse M, Wadelin JW, Vlases PH. Forty Years of ACPE CPE Accreditation. Am J Pharm Educ 2017;81(9):5998.

7. For articles published **online prior to print** publication (and have not yet been printed in an issue of the journal), use this format: Author(s). Article title. Journal abbreviation. Year;volume (if known):page numbers or article number (if known). Epub [date].

Example:

Livingston E, Bucher K. Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) in Italy. JAMA. 2020;10.1001/jama.2020.4344. Published online March 17, 2020. doi:10.1001/jama.2020.4344

8. For articles originally published **online prior to print publication, but which have been printed**, use the normal format. Do NOT include the Epub date.

Correct: Rose AJ, Park A, Gillespie C, et al. Results of a regional effort to improve warfarin management. Ann Pharmacother. 2017;51(5):373-379.

NOT: Rose AJ, Park A, Gillespie C, et al. Results of a regional effort to improve warfarin management. Ann Pharmacother. 2017;51(5):373-379. Published online Dec 17, 2016.

Books and Book Chapters:

1. **FOR ENTIRE BOOKS:** list author/editor information (if more than 6 authors/editors, list first 3 then “et al.”), then title of book, edition number (if applicable), name of publisher, and year of publication. **Do not include the location of the publisher.**

Example:

Adkinson NF Jr, Bochner BS, Burks W, et al., eds. Middleton’s Allergy: Principles and Practice. 8th ed. Saunders; 2014.

2. **FOR BOOK CHAPTERS:** list author information then title of chapter followed by the word “In:” and the book information. Add the page numbers for the **entire** chapter after the publication year.

Example:

Armstrong EP, Barton LL. Bone and joint infections. In: DiPiro JT, Talbert RL, Yee GC, Matzke GR, Wells BG, Posey LM, editors. Pharmacotherapy. A Pathophysiologic Approach. 6th ed. McGraw Hill;2005:2119-2127.

3. **FOR ELECTRONIC BOOK:** use the same format for print books and chapters with the addition of the accessed date and URL.

Example:

Blake KV, Lang JE. Asthma. In: DiPiro JT, Yee GC, Posey L, Haines ST, Nolin TD, Ellingrod V, eds. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic Approach. 11th ed. McGraw-Hill; 2019. Accessed April 21, 2020. <http://accesspharmacy.mhmedical.com/content.aspx?bookid=2577§ionid=2289014>

Web Documents:

1. When citing internet documents, provide enough information for others to find the document. The citation should include the author (if known), the title of the page, the date the page was written or updated (**or n.d. if the date is not given**), the name of the website, the date you accessed the information, and the web address. **Do NOT use a period after the web address.**

2. If the web page has an author and date listed, use this format: Author. Title (date). Website. Accessed [date]. [web address]

Example:

Allen Jr LV. Veterinary compounding (n.d.). Paddock Laboratories website. Accessed April 3, 2008. http://www.paddocklabs.com/forms/secundum/volume_7_2.pdf

3. If the document does not have an author/editor listed, then use the basic format: Name of web page (date). Host name Web site. Accessed [date]. [web address]

Example:

Is it time for chronotherapy? Compliance with antihypertensive therapy (5/18/2002). Medical Association Communications website. Accessed April 11, 2008. http://www.cmecorner.com/macmcm/ash/ash2002_01.htm

4. Remove the hyperlink by highlighting the web address, right-click, and select "Remove Hyperlink." This will make the web address appear (and print) in black without underlining.

Example:

<http://www.cdc.gov>

NOT: <http://www.cdc.gov>

5. Break a web address that goes to another line after a slash or before a period. Do not insert (or allow your computer to insert) a hyphen at the break.

Example:

GVU's 8th WWW Survey Team. User survey (n.d.). Georgia Institute of Technology Web site. Accessed August 8, 2000. <http://www.cc.gatech.edu/gvu/usersurveys/survey1997-10/>.

6. Write out the date you accessed the page.

Examples:

Accessed August 6, 2007.

NOT: Aug. 6, 2007 OR 8/6/07 OR August 6th, 2007

7. Use the web address of the **EXACT** page where the information was found:

Example:

Outbreak: polio, Ethiopia (4/4/05). Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Web site. Accessed June 28, 2005. http://www.cdc.gov/travel/other/polio_wafrica.htm.

NOT: <http://www.cdc.gov>

Online Drug Databases:

1. For both **Facts & Comparisons**[®] and **UpToDate**[®] **Lexidrug**[™], use the following format to cite the entire database (if use multiple monographs):

Name of database. Name of main database (either UpToDate Lexidrug or Facts and Comparisons). Publisher name. Website. Accessed [date].

****Please make sure you use the correct database title!! Database titles are on the Search Results page for UpToDate[®] Lexidrug[™] (in bold above the links).**

Examples:

Drug Facts and Comparisons. Facts and Comparisons. UpToDate Inc. <https://fco.factsandcomparisons.com>. Accessed April 16, 2024.

Geriatric Lexi-Drugs. UpToDate Inc. <https://online.lexi.com>. Accessed April 16, 2024.

For an individual monograph, use this format:

Name of monograph. *Name of database.* UpToDate Lexidrug. UpToDate, Inc. <https://online.lexi.com>. Accessed [date].

Examples:

Minoxidil Oral. *Drug Facts and Comparisons.* Facts and Comparisons. UpToDate Inc. <https://fco.factsandcomparisons.com>. Accessed March 28, 2024.

Amoxicillin. *Lexi-Drugs.* UpToDate Lexidrug. UpToDate Inc. <https://online.lexi.com>. Accessed March 28, 2024.

2. For **NatMed Pro** (formerly Natural Medicines), use this format (do not use entire web address):

Therapeutic Research Center. Name of document. [NatMed website]. (publication date). Available at: <https://naturalmedicines.therapeuticresearch.com/>. Accessed [date].

****NOTE:** The publication date is at the bottom of the monograph. Use the date of the last update.

Example:

Therapeutic Research Center. Cannabis. [NatMed website]. May 13, 2026. NatMed website. Accessed May 13, 2026. <https://naturalmedicines.therapeuticresearch.com/>

3. For **Pharmacist's Letter** articles accessed online, use the following format:

Project Leader(s) [if provided]. Title of Document. Pharmacist's Letter year month. Document No.: (insert number). Accessed [date].

<https://pharmacist.therapeuticresearch.com/>

Example:

Managing Beta-Lactam Allergies. Pharmacist's Letter 2023 May. Clinical Resource #390503. Accessed May 23, 2023. <https://pharmacist.therapeuticresearch.com/>

4. For **Micromedex**, use the following format to cite the entire database:
Merative Micromedex. Merative. Ann Arbor, MI. Accessed [date].
<https://www.micromedexsolutions.com/>

For an individual monograph, use this format:
Name of Monograph. Merative Micromedex. Merative. Ann Arbor, MI. Accessed [date].
<https://www.micromedexsolutions.com/>

Example:
Entanercept. Merative Micromedex. Merative. Ann Arbor, MI. Accessed August 24, 2016. <http://www.micromedexsolutions.com>

5. For **Clinical Pharmacology**, refer to this website: <https://tinyurl.com/2p8pxw5z>
For the entire database, use this format:
Clinical Pharmacology powered by ClinicalKey. Philadelphia (PA): Elsevier. insert current year of copyright- [insert cited date]. Available from: <http://www.clinicalkey.com>.

Example:
Clinical Pharmacology powered by ClinicalKey. Philadelphia (PA): Elsevier. c2021-[cited 2021 April 4]. Available from: <http://www.clinicalkey.com>.

6. For **UpToDate**, use the following format:
Author. Title of Article. In: UpToDate, Connor RF (Ed), Wolters Kluwer. (Accessed [date]).

Example:
Friedman LS. Approach to the patient with abnormal liver biochemical and function tests. In: UpToDate, Connor RF (Ed), Wolters Kluwer. (Accessed March 8, 2023.)

Other Documents/Sources of Information:

1. **Package inserts**, even if viewed on-line, should be cited in the following manner:
Brand name of drug [package insert]. City, state: name of drug company; year month.
The city and date are located at the end of the insert.

Example:
Accutane [package insert]. Nutley, NJ: Roche Laboratories;1982 May.

2. References to **personal communication** should be included in the text. Include the date of the communication, whether the communication was oral or written, and the affiliation of the person.

Example:
According to the manufacturer (L. Smith, Eli Lilly & Co., oral communication, April 30, 2015), the drug should not be used in pediatric patients.

3. **App** format: Name of App. Version number. Name of Publisher. Update date. Accessed date.

Examples:

Davis's Drug Guide with updates & calculators app. Version 1.18. Unbound Medicine Inc. Updated September 25, 2015. Accessed October 12, 2015.

UpToDate Lexidrug/Amoxicillin. UpToDate Lexidrug app. UpToDate Inc. Version 8.2.0. Accessed March 28, 2024.

4. **Podcast** format: Speaker's name. Title of podcast episode. Name of podcast. Producer of podcast. Date of podcast. Web address (if available at a specific web address)

Example:

Good Neighbor Pharmacy and COVID-19. Pharmacy Focus podcast. Pharmacy Times. July 10, 2020. <https://www.pharmacytimes.com/view/pharmacy-focus-episode-1-good-neighbor-pharmacy-and-covid-19>

5. **AI program** format: Name of program. Version. Publisher. Accessed date. Web address

* **Note:** Version is the date used for that entry. Different reference entries are required for prompts used on different days (can cite once for multiple prompts on same day).

Example:

ChatGPT. Version March 14. OpenAI. Accessed March 14, 2023. <https://chat.openai.com/>